## Old-Fashioned Brainstorming Doesn't Work

## Old-Fashioned Brainstorming Rules That Are Wrong

- Groups are better at coming up with new ideas than individuals.
- Let imagination run wild - quantity of crazy ideas.
- Don't be judgmental - push extreme ideas.
- "Empty busywork."
- What inhibits creativity - what are some creativity blocks?


## Creativity Inhibitors

- Accepting conventional wisdom
- Seeking only to suck up to the boss (or teacher)
- Pleasing the group; pleasing your friends
- Having tunnel vision
- Looking for quick, yes-no answers
- Fear of failure, fear of ridicule, fear of mistakes (prevention focus - loss aversion)
- Promotion focus - embrace risk


## What Is Innovation?

- Innovation is the result - the working solution - of the creative process.
- The making process.
- The Adjacent Possible


## Creativity Research

- The latest research on creativity reinforces the research on decision making.
- Most important finding: old-fashioned brainstorming doesn't work.


## New Research

- New perspectives focus on improving creative skills:
- Not on the creative person
- Not on the creative product
- But on the creative PROCESS


## Three Creativity Elements

1. Expertise
2. Creative skills
3. Intrinsic task motivation

* Teresa Amabile, Creativity in Context, Westview Press, 1996


## What Motivates Us

- Autonomy
- Mastery
- Purpose

Drive: The Surprising Truth About What Motivates Us, Daniel Pink. (2011). New York: Penguin

## RESEARCh Shows

- Individuals are more creative than groups.
- Groups need guidelines, structure, some pressure and most of all focus.
- Therefore, brainstorm individually first, then in groups.
- Individuals (and groups) need priming.
- Stimulation of visuals, toys, phrases, props - expand thinking.
- Google's offices are full of games, Lego rooms


## BRIANWRITE BEFORE BRAINSTORMING

- It is best to brainwrite - work alone, independently and record ideas before moving to group discussion.
- Use Postlt notepads.
- Brainwriting alone for 10 minutes is enough not much happens after 10 minutes.


## Brainswarm

- https://hbr.org/video/3373616535001/brains warming-because-brainstorming-doesnt-work
- After sticking up the brainwriting notes, look them over silently for 10 minutes and make connections, take notes.
- Use SCAMPER (to make combinations)


## SCAMPER

- Substitute - components, materials, people.
- Combine - mix, integrate.
- Adapt - alter, change function, use another part.
- Modify - increase or reduce in scale, change shape or color.
- Put to another use.
- Eliminate - remove elements, simplify, reduce to core functionality.
- Reverse - turn inside out or upside down


## SCAMPER

- Consider the problem "How can I increase sales in my business?"
- S (Substitute): "What can I substitute in my selling process?"
- C (Combine): "How can I combine selling with other activities?"
- A (Adapt): "What can I adapt or copy from someone else's selling process?"
- M (Magnify): "What can I magnify or put more emphasis on when selling?"
- P (Put to Other Uses): "How can I put my selling to other uses?"
- E (Eliminate): "What can I eliminate or simplify in my selling process?"
- R (Rearrange): "How can I change, reorder or reverse the way I sell?"
- A classic example is MacDonald's founder Ray Kroc. In hindsight, it's easy to identify many of the ideas he used through the SCAMPER lens: selling restaurants and real estate instead of simply hamburgers [ $\mathrm{P}=$ Put to other uses]; having customers pay before they eat [R=Rearrange]; letting customers serve themselves, avoiding the use of waiters
[ $\mathrm{E}=$ Eliminate] - just to mention a few.
- After ten minutes of looking at group's ideas silently, talk to others and compare and discuss, amplify and combine your ideas.
- Narrow them down to two or three ideas.
- Take photos on a tablet or phone.
- Put in an Excel spreadsheet boneyard or repository such as Trello or Google Docs so group members can actively access ideas during, before and after meetings. (Cyberstorming)
- Mood: Consistently positive and upbeat
- Facilitator's or group leader's responsibility.


## Groups

- In group discussion, use "Yes, and..." to encourage collaboration, combinations.
- Improvisation technique
- Groups can be pro-social, but...
- Need some tension, pressure to keep focused and solve the problem.
- Focus is group leader's job


## Groups

- Psychological safety is a necessity.
- Diversity is critical.
- Don't put friends together.
- If possible, regularly involve the input of outsiders who are devil's advocates.
- Conflict is OK - manage it.
- Groupthink is bad
- Groupthink is being nice just to get along and avoid conflict.
- Need friction for good ideas to emerge.
- Better to be focused, aroused and highly activated than reflective and relaxed.
- So, start yelling at each other...you get brownie points taken off by being polite and not taking risks (being prevention focused).
- Be promotion focused (risk takers).
- Listen and consider every member's ideas.
- If you don't contribute ideas, you are not a good team member.


## Group Problems

- Going along with the crowd (groupthink)
- Riding the bus without paying the fee (free riding)
- Team superiority complex
$-90 \%$ of teams believe they are in the top quartile.
- The tyranny of the average
- Regress toward the mean - satisficing
- Dumbing down (playing it safe to be popular)
- Evaluation apprehension


## Group Problems

- Cognitive interruptus (multitasking)
- Fewer than 95\% of people can multitask effectively (and 90\% of people think they are in the 5\%)
- Takes a person seven minutes on average to recover from an interruption
- Focus, focus, focus on generating good ideas.
- Being in a group requires a symphony of skills: Listening, speaking, taking turns, taking notes and summarizing.


## Group Problems

- Talking, not listening
- Competing for attention
- Simultaneous talking
- Wanting to be the center of attention
- About "me," not "we."


## Making Groups Effective

- Neutralize alpha-dominant people.
- Aren't aware they are dominating the discussion, upsetting others, and making others loath to participate (doom loop) and give up.
- In group of six, three people do 70\% of the talking. In a group of eight, three people do 70\% of the talking, etc.
- Use forced democracy (no wallflowers):
- BRAINWRITING
- CYBERSTORMING


## Research

- Myth
- People should work close together in order to generate ideas.
- No. Privacy is important for initial idea generation (can focus better).
- Idea generation works best in solitude ... and with lots of priming.
- Toys, posters, stuffed animals, plants, robots, etc.
- Cave-and-commons workspaces are best.


## Priming Mechanisms

- Trigger Concepts
- "75 Tools For Creative Thinking" app
- "Creative Whack Pack" app
- Imagery: Ask your intuition for an image or symbol. Accept whatever comes, don't judge.
- Mark Rothko, Anki King


## Puck Exercise

- Pass a hockey puck or other object around the team.
- Each team member comes up with the worst possible idea for the challenge at hand.
- Record these ideas and after everyone has had a turn, see if any of the stupid ideas might become a fantastic idea if you just changed it in some way.


## Priming Mechanisms

- Analogy - Similarity between two things otherwise dissimilar (Velcro is like Burdock burrs.)
- Fill the place with toys, graphics, games, wild colors and infinite whiteboard space (Google).
- Create constraints - "Budget cut in half" (UNICEF)
- Dream - ("If you can dream it, you can do it.")
- "Dune" Navigators
- Draw or doodle (Paper app) - Evokes images and connections.
- Meditate - mind clearing.
- Make


## Draw Don't Say

- Teams brainstorm (using words during discussion) but must present the idea using only drawings. Drawing skill is not needed or even useful, stick figures are fine.
- If the idea cannot be represented by a drawing or comic-like image series, rethink it.


## Data Tools

- Think Google: www.thinkwithgoogle.com/
- Google Trends: www.google.com/trends
- Correlate: www.google.com/trends/correlate
- Auto Suggest: www.google.com (start typing a question)
- Zeitgeist: www.google.com/zeitgeist
- Youtube Trends: www.youtube.com/trendsdashboard
- Blog Search: www.google.com/blogsearch
- Keyword Planner:
adwords.google.com/KeywordPlanner/Home


## Platforms

- Search
- YouTube
- Facebook
- Twitter
- Vine
- Yelp
- Snapchat
- IFTTT
- Hangouts
- Instagram
- Reddit
- Let's start.
- Get in touch with your child.



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